***CPRE 431***

***M06 HW***

**Assignments will be submitted in PDF format via Canvas.**

Please submit your homework online through Canvas. Late homework will not be accepted.

Important: Your submission must be in .pdf format ONLY!

Please ensure that you support all your answers with the correct screenshots showing your solutions.

1. Explain what is the differences between an IPS and a Firewall?
2. A SYN flood is a form of denial-of-service attack in which an attacker sends a succession of SYN requests to a target's system. This is a well-known type of attack and is generally not effective against modern networks. It works if a server allocates resources after receiving a SYN, but before it has received the ACK. If Half-open connections bind resources on the server, it may be possible to take up all these resources by flooding the server with SYN messages. Syn flood is a common attack and it can be blocked with Linux/Unix iptables rules. Can you craft iptables rules that can block SYN flooding attacks? Explain your work and rationale.
3. SMTP (Simple Mail Transfer Protocol) is the standard protocol for transferring mail between hosts over TCP. A TCP connection is set up between a user agent and a server program. The server listens on TCP port 25 for incoming connection requests. The user end of the connection is on a TCP port number above 1023. Suppose you wish to build a packet filter rule set allowing inbound and outbound SMTP traffic. You generate the following rule set:

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **Rule** | **Direction** | **Scr Addr** | **Dst Addr** | **Protocol** | **Dst Port** | **Action** |
| A | In | External | Internal | TCP | 25 | Permit |
| B | Out | Internal | External | TCP | >1023 | Permit |
| C | Out | Internal | External | TCP | 25 | Permit |
| D | In | External | Internal | TCP | >1023 | Permit |
| E | Either | Any | Any | Any | Any | Deny |

* 1. Describe the effect of each rule.
  2. Your host in this example has IP address 172.16.1.1. Someone tries to send e-mail from a remote host with IP address 192.168.3.4. If successful, this generates an SMTP dialogue between the remote user and the SMTP server on your host consisting of SMTP commands and mail. Additionally, assume that a user on your host tries to send e-mail to the SMTP server on the remote system. Four typical packets for this scenario are as shown:
     1. Indicate which packets are permitted or denied and which rule is used in each case.

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **Packet** | **Direction** | **Scr Addr** | **Dst Addr** | **Protocol** | **Dst Port** | **Action** |
| 1 | In | 192.168.3.4 | 172.16.1.1 | TCP | 25 | ? |
| 2 | Out | 172.16.1.1 | 192.168.3.4 | TCP | 1234 | ? |
| 3 | Out | 172.16.1.1 | 192.168.3.4 | TCP | 25 | ? |
| 4 | In | 192.168.3.4 | 172.16.1.1 | TCP | 1357 | ? |

* 1. Someone from the outside world (10.1.2.3) attempts to open a connection from port 5150 on a remote host to the Web proxy server on port 8080 on one of your local hosts (172.16.3.4) in order to carry out an attack. Typical packets are as ­follows:
     1. Will the attack succeed? Give details.

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **Packet** | **Direction** | **Src Addr** | **Dst Addr** | **Protocol** | **Dst Port** | **Action** |
| 5 | In | 10.1.2.3 | 172.16.3.4 | TCP | 8080 | ? |
| 6 | Out | 172.16.3.4 | 10.1.2.3 | TCP | 5150 | ? |

* 1. To provide more protection, the rule set from the preceding problem is modified as follows:
     1. Describe the change.

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **Rule** | **Direction** | **Src Addr** | **Dst Addr** | **Protocol** | **Src Port** | **Dst Port** | **Action** |
| A | In | External | Internal | TCP | >1023 | 25 | Permit |
| B | Out | Internal | External | TCP | 25 | >1023 | Permit |
| C | Out | Internal | External | TCP | >1023 | 25 | Permit |
| D | In | External | Internal | TCP | 25 | >1023 | Permit |
| E | Either | Any | Any | Any | Any | Any | Deny |

* 1. Apply this new rule set to the same six packets of the preceding problem. Indicate which packets are permitted or denied and which rule is used in each case.